## § 184.1763

chapter; 0.1 percent for fats and oils as defined in §170.3(n)(12) of this chapter, meat products as defined in §170.3(n)(29) of this chapter and soft candy as defined in §170.3(n)(38) of this chapter; 0.25 percent for gravies and sauces as defined in §170.3(n)(24) of this chapter; and 0.05 percent for snack foods as defined in §170.3(n)(37) of this chapter and soups and soup mixes as defined in §170.3(n)(40) of this chapter.

(e) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[47 FR 27815, June 25, 1982]

## § 184.1763 Sodium hydroxide.

- (a) Sodium hydroxide (NaOH, CAS Reg. No. 1310-73-2) is also known as sodium hydrate, soda lye, caustic soda, white caustic, and lye. The empirical formula is NaOH. Sodium hydroxide is prepared commercially by the electrolysis of sodium chloride solution and also by reacting calcium hydroxide with sodium carbonate.
- (b) The ingredient meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d Ed. (1981), which is incorporated by reference. Copies are available from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or available for inspection at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC 20408.
- (c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitation other than current good manufacturing practice. The affirmation of this ingredient as generally recognized as safe (GRAS) as a direct human food ingredient is based upon the following current good manufacturing practice conditions of use:
- (1) The ingredient is used as a pH control agent as defined in \$170.3(o)(23) of this chapter and as a processing aid as defined in \$170.3(o)(24) of this chapter.
- (2) The ingredient is used in foods at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice.
- (d) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in

this section do not exist or have been waived.

[48 FR 52444, Nov. 18, 1983]

## § 184.1764 Sodium hypophosphite.

- (a) Sodium hypophosphite ( $NaH_2PO_2$ , CAS Reg. No. 7681-53-0) is a white, odorless, deliquescent granular powder with a saline taste. It is also prepared as colorless, pearly crystalline plates. It is soluble in water, alcohol, and glycerol. It is prepared by neutralization of hypophosphorous acid or by direct aqueous alkaline hydrolysis of white phosphorus.
- (b) FDA is developing food-grade specifications for sodium hypophosphite in cooperation with the National Academy of Sciences. In the interim, the ingredient must be of a suitable purity for its intended use.
- (c) In accordance with §184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitations other than current good manufacturing practice. The affirmation of this ingredient as generally recognized as safe (GRAS) as a direct human food ingredient is based upon the following current good manufacturing practice conditions of use:
- (1) The ingredient is used as an emulsifier or stabilizer, as defined in §§ 170.3(o)(8) and 170.3(o)(28) of this chapter.
- (2) The ingredient is used in cod-liver oil emulsions at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice.
- (d) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the use established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[47 FR 38277, Aug. 31, 1982]

## §184.1768 Sodium lactate.

- (a) Sodium lactate  $(C_3H_5O_3N_{a_s})$  CAS Reg. No. 72–17–3) is the sodium salt of lactic acid. It is prepared commercially by the neutralization of lactic acid with sodium hydroxide.
- (b) FDA is developing food-grade specifications for sodium lactate in cooperation with the National Academy of Sciences. In the interim, this ingredient must be of a purity suitable for its intended use.
- (c) In accordance with \$184.1(b)(1), the ingredient is used in food with no limitation other than current good